MtIntosh

MX 112

FM/AM TUNER PREAMP



SERVICE INFORMATION

FROM SERIAL NO. 10501 TO 39599

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FM TUNER SECTION

USABLE SENSITIVITY

Better than 2.5 μ F (IHF usable sensitivity)

SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO

Better than 65dB

HARMONIC DISTORTION

Mono, less than 0.5%. Stereo, less than 0.8%.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Flat from 20Hz to 20kHz with standard de-emphasis and 19kHz pilot filter

CAPTURE RATIO

Better than 1.5dB

SPURIOUS REJECTION

90dB or greater

IMAGE REJECTION

75dB or greater (at 100MHz)

STEREO SEPARATION

Better than 30dB at 1kHz

AM TUNER SECTION

SENSITIVITY

Better than $12\mu V$ at $1000\,kHz$ (using external antenna input)

SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO

Better than 55dB

HARMONIC DISTORTION

Less than 1% at 30% modulation

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Down 6dB at 5kHz

SELECTIVITY

10kHz at -6dB

IMAGE REJECTION

60dB or greater at 1000kHz

PREAMPLIFIER SECTION

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

+0.5dB, 20Hz to 20,000Hz

DISTORTION

Less than 0.1% at 2.5 volts 20Hz to 20kHz

INPUT SENSITIVITY (phono 1 and phono 2)

2 millivolts for 2.5 volts output at 1kHz

INPUT SENSITIVITY (aux, tape)

0.25 volts for 2.5 volts output

HUM AND NOISE (phono 1 and phono 2)

72dB below 10 millivolt input

HUM AND NOISE (aux, tape)

85dB below rated output

OUTPUT (main)

2.5 volts with rated input. Up to 10 volts can be developed without distortion. FM and AM will produce up to 10 volts output at 100% modulation.

OUTPUT (tape)

0.25 volts with rated input. Phono input signal of 10 millivolts produces 1.2 volts output. FM and AM will produce 1 volt output at 100% modulation.

OUTPUT (center channel)

2 volts with rated input to both channels

BASS CONTROL

-18dB to +16dB at 20Hz

TREBLE CONTROL

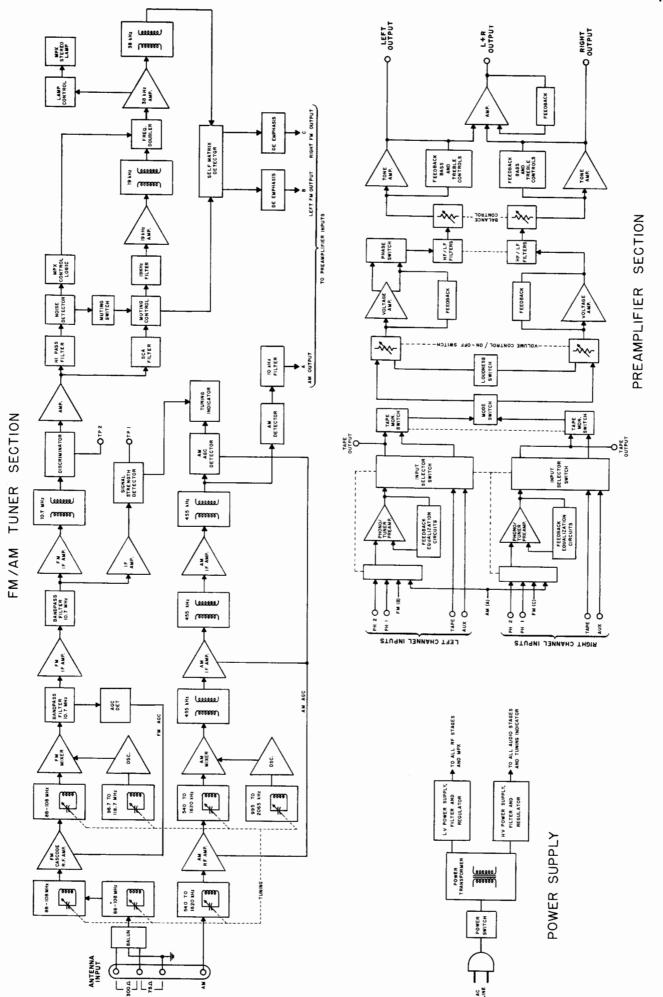
+20dB to 20,000Hz

LF FILTER

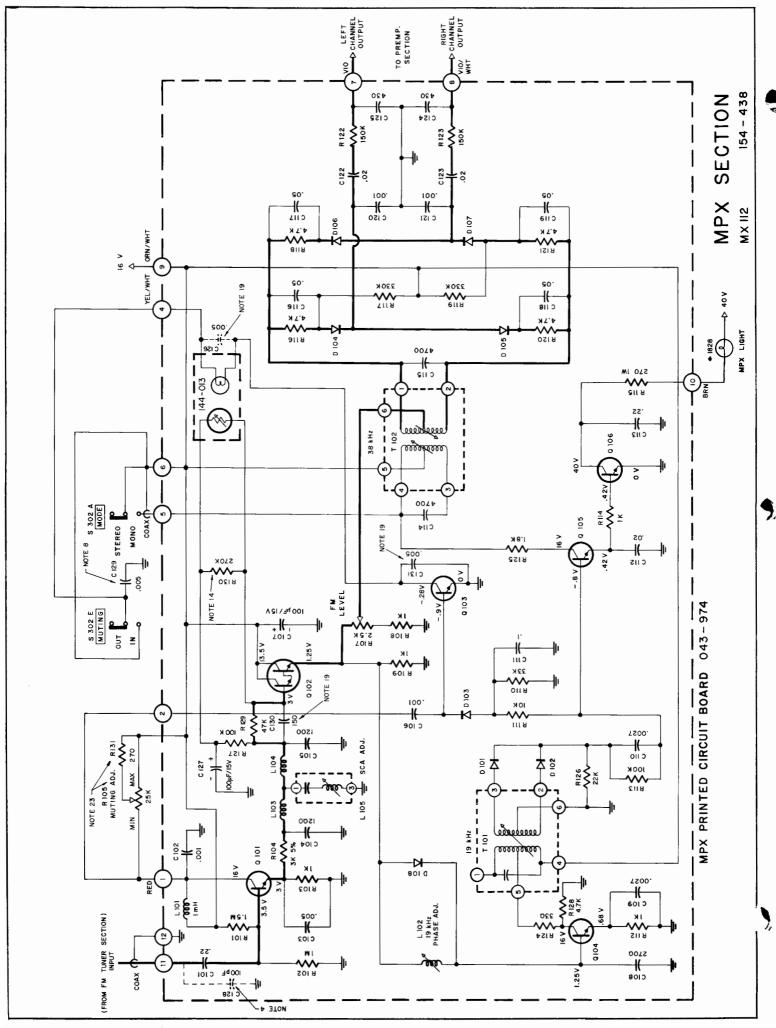
Flat or roll off below 50Hz, down 12dB at 20Hz

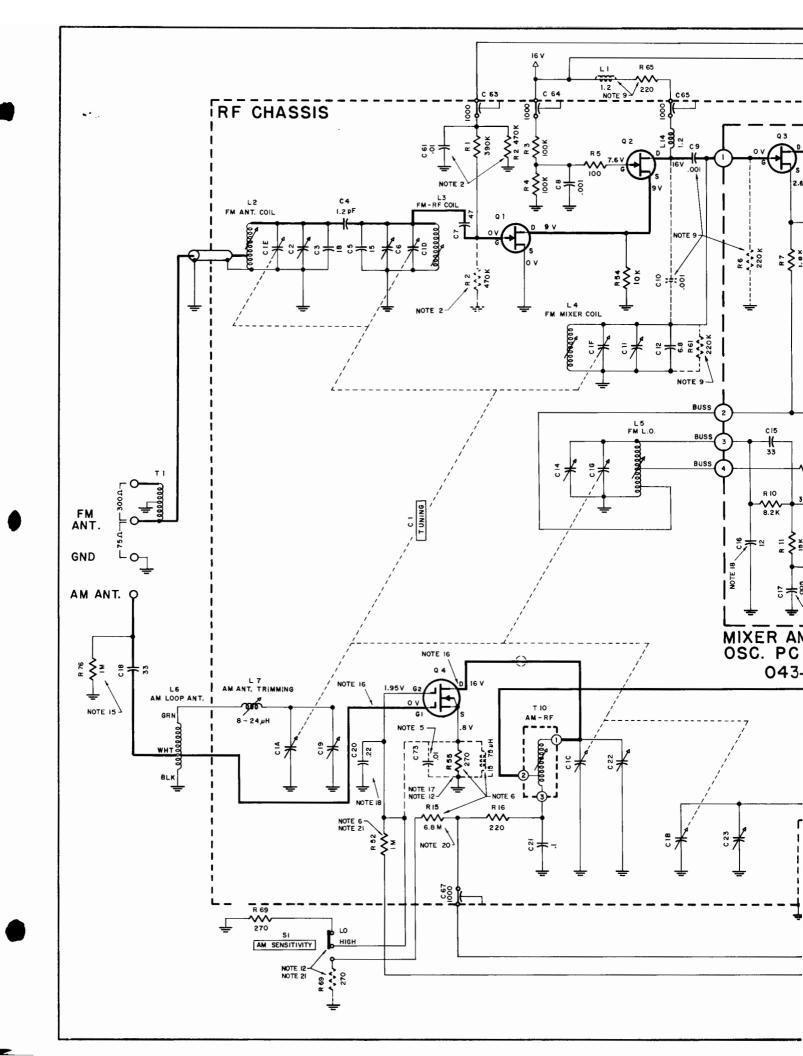
HF FILTER

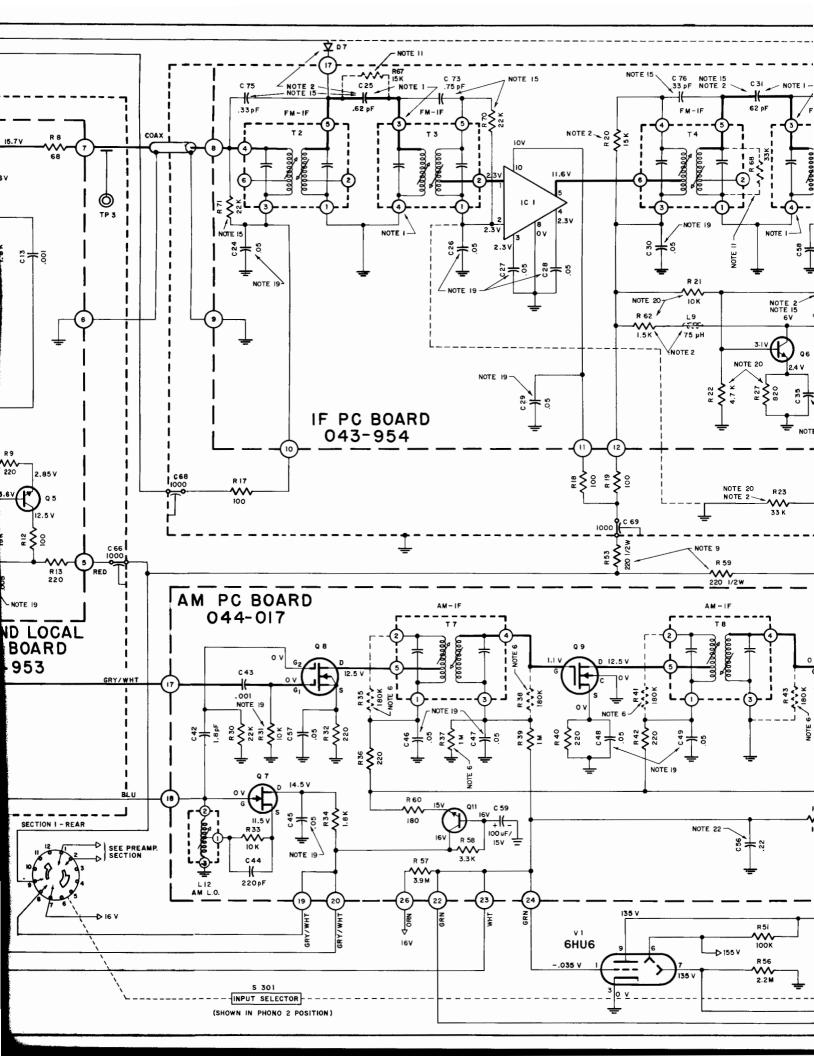
Flat or roll off above 5000Hz, down 12dB at 20,000Hz

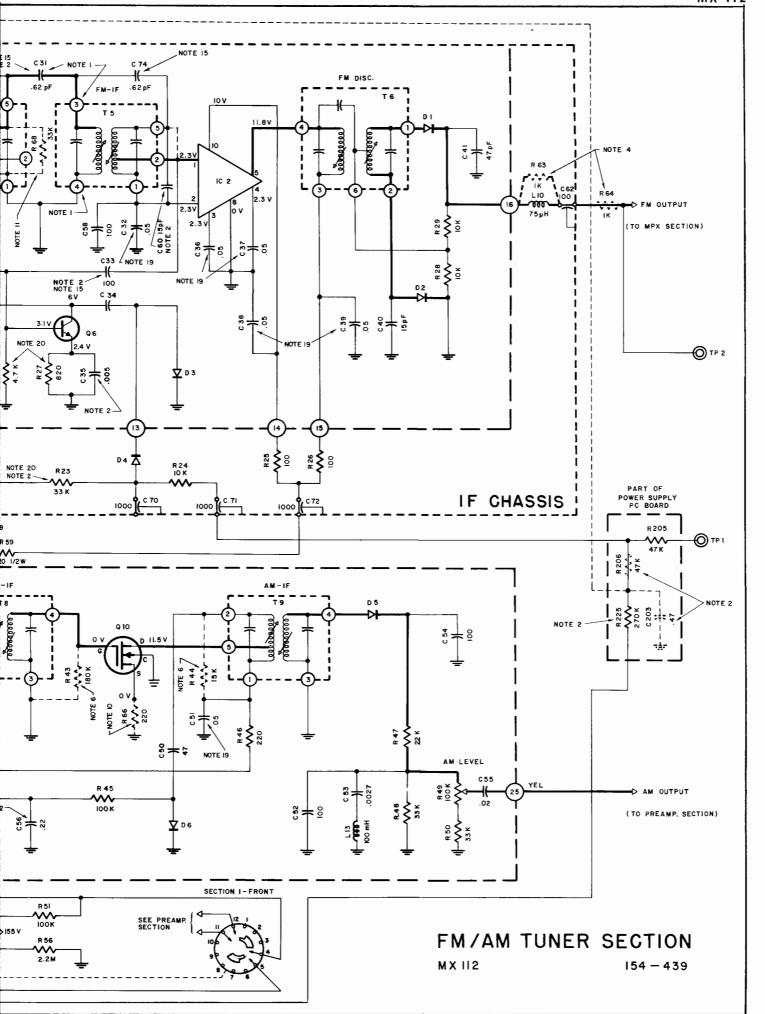


MX 112 BLOCK DIAGRAM









SCHEMATIC NOTES

Unless otherwise specified: Resistance values are in ohms, 1/4 watt, and 10% tolerance; capacitance values smaller than 1 are in microfarads (μF); capacitance values greater than 1 are in picofarads (pF); inductors are in microhenries (μH).

Printed circuit board components are outlined on the schematics by dotted lines. The circled numbers around the dotted lines correspond to the numbers on the PC Board layouts.

The heavy lines on the schematics denote the primary signal path.

The terminal numbering of rotary switches is for reference only.

All voltages indicated on the schematics are measured under the following conditions:

- a. Use of an 11 megohm input impedance VTVM.
- b. All voltages $\pm 10\%$ with respect to chassis ground.
- No signal at input or antenna terminals.
- d. AC input at 117 volts, 50/60Hz.
- e. Front panel controls at:

Tuning indicator 100MHz (no signal)

Volume

Fully CCW

Mode

Stereo

.. . .

Muting

Out

Input Selector

AM (to measure AM section)

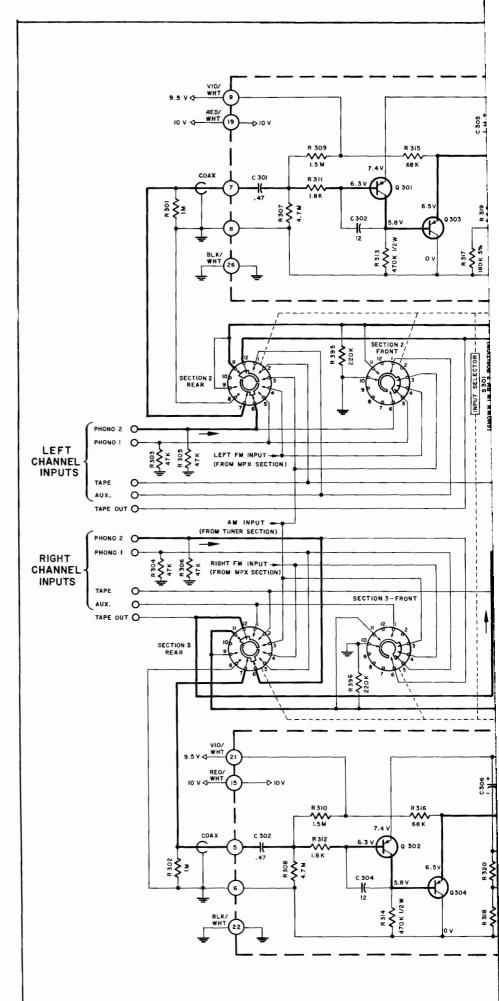
FM (to measure FM section)

Panel Lights

Bright

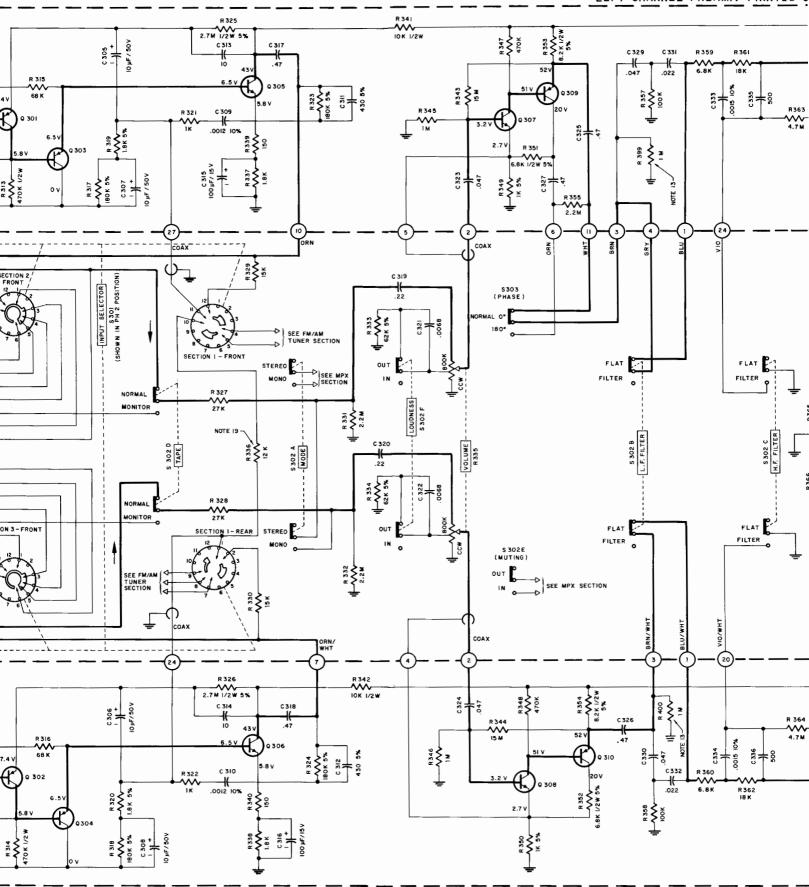
- In units with serial numbers below 11800: C25
 is connected to pin 4 of T3; pin 3 of T3 is
 connected to ground; C31 is connected to pin 4
 of T5; pin 3 of T5 is connected to ground.
- 2. In units with serial numbers below 11S17: C25 and C31 are 2.2pF; C33 is 6.8pF and is connected to pin 5 of T5; C35 is .001µF; C60 is not used; R20 is 33k; R23 is 33k and is connected as shown by dotted line; L9 (part number 122-013) is used in place of R62; D7 and C61 are not used; R225 is 470k; R206 and C203 (part number 064-069) are used and are connected as shown by dotted line. R2 is connected to the other end of R1 as shown by dotted line.
- R221 is used in units with serial numbers below 14S01.
- In units with serial numbers from 17S40 to 22S65: R63 is used in place of L10; R64 and C128 are used.
- In units with serial numbers from 17S25 to 17S75, C73 is used.
- In units with serial numbers below 17825: R35, R38, R41, R43, and R44 are used; L15 is used; R37 is 470k; R55 is 1k; R52 is 1M and R15 is 6.8M.
- In units with serial numbers below 17S40: C345 is used; R397 and R398 are not used.
- In units with serial numbers below 18\$35, C129 is not used.
- 9. In units with serial numbers below 20800: R53 and R59 are 1000; R65 is not used; L1, R6, R61, and C10 are used; there is no connection from C12 to pin number 1 on the mixer and local oscillator PC Board; and C7 is connected to L3 as shown by dotted line.
- In units with serial numbers from 19863 to 31834, R66 is used.
- In units with serial numbers from 20S72 to 31S35, R67 and R68 are used.
- 12. In units with serial numbers below 26S01: R55 is 270Ω ; R69 and S1 are not used.
- In units with serial numbers below 25S11, R399 and R400 are not used.

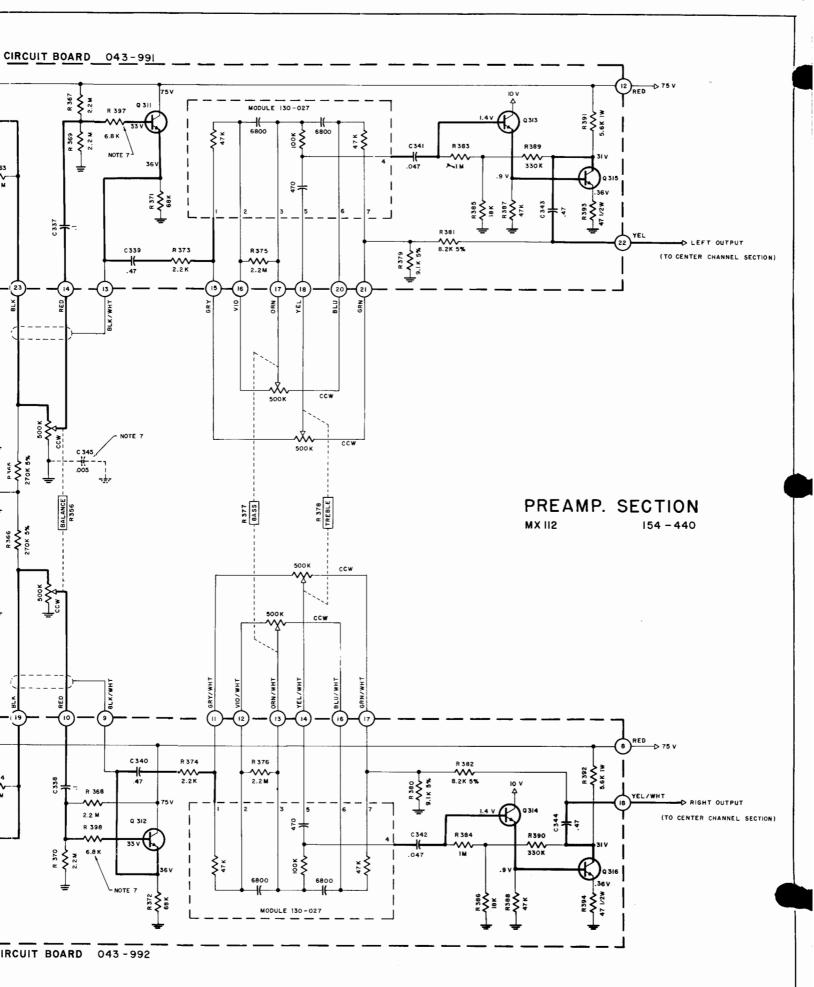


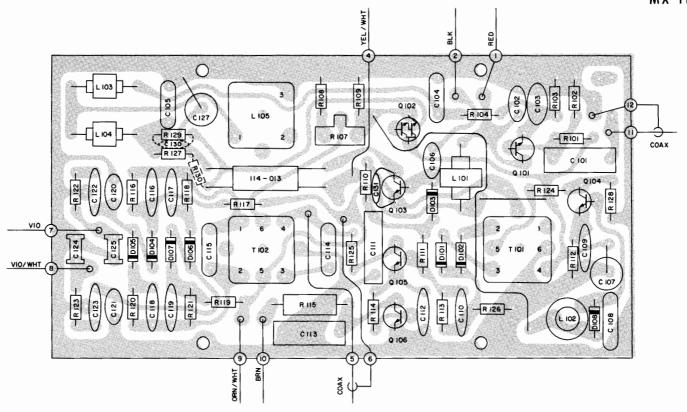




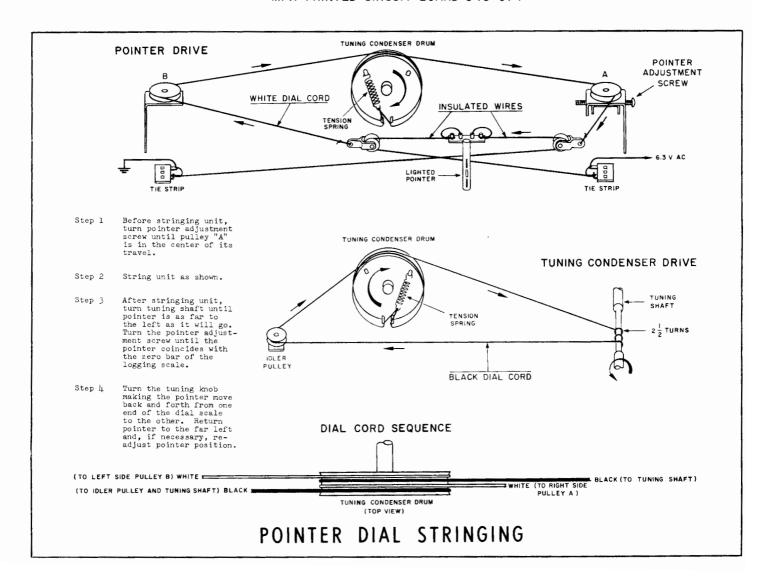
RIGHT CHANNEL PREAMP. PRINTED CI

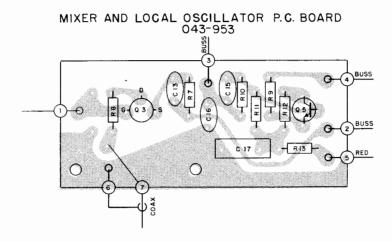


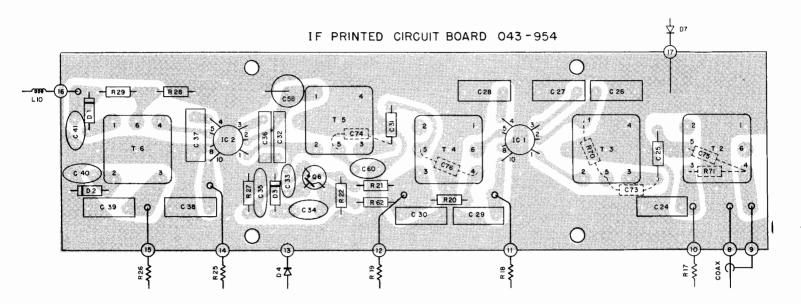




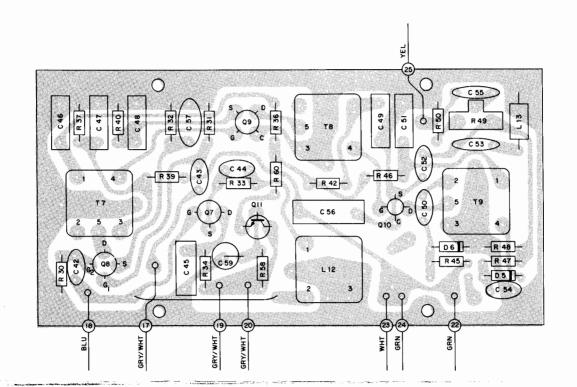
MPX PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 043-974

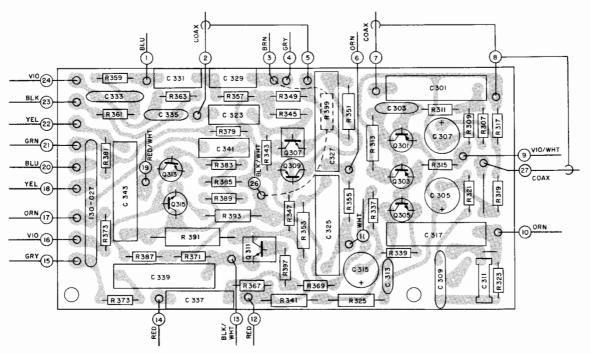




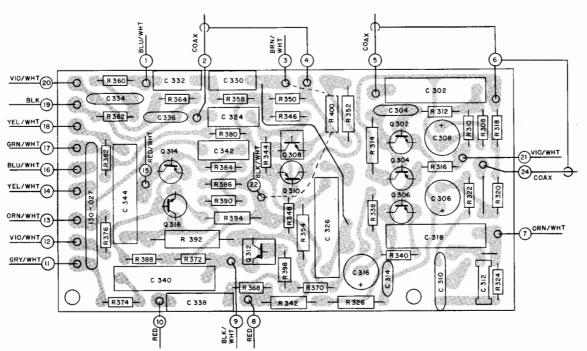


AM PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 044-017

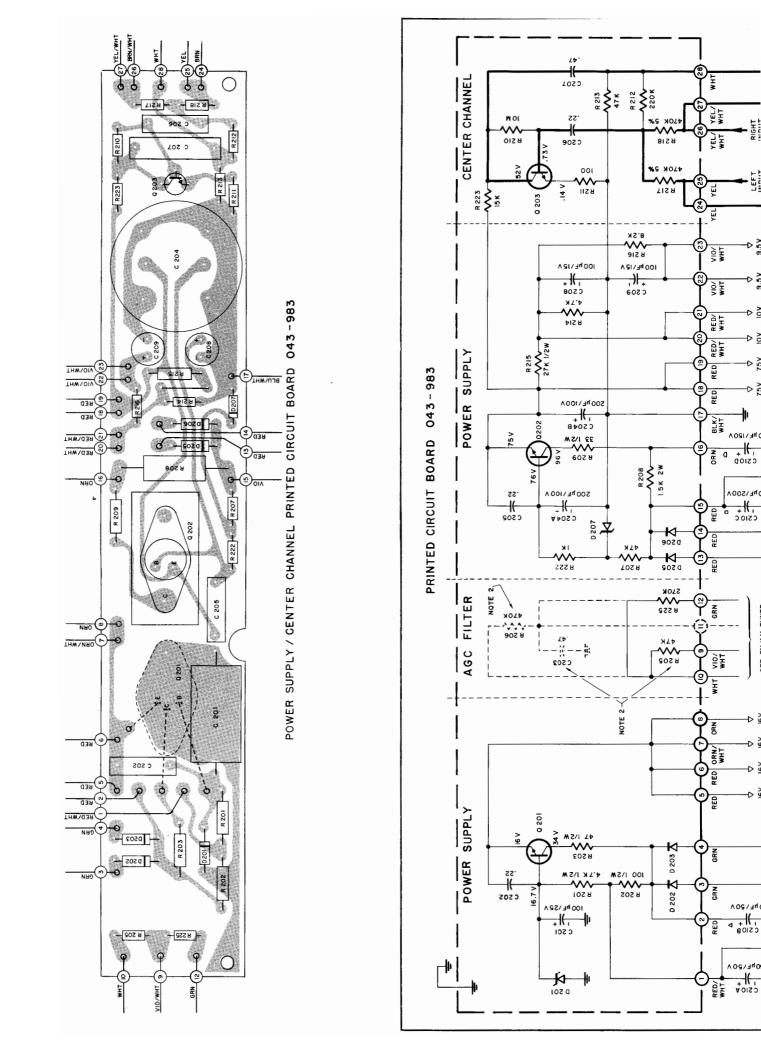


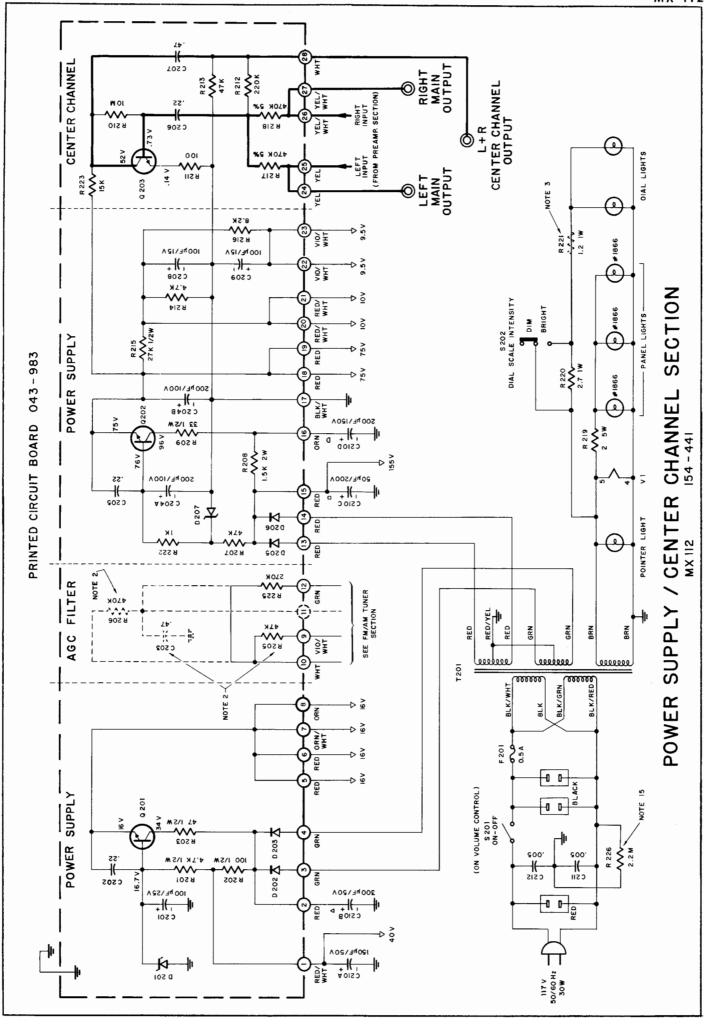


LEFT CHANNEL PREAMP PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 043-991



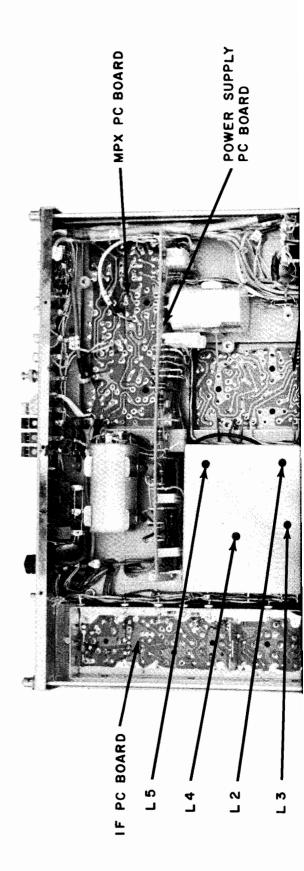
RIGHT CHANNEL PREAMP. PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 043-992

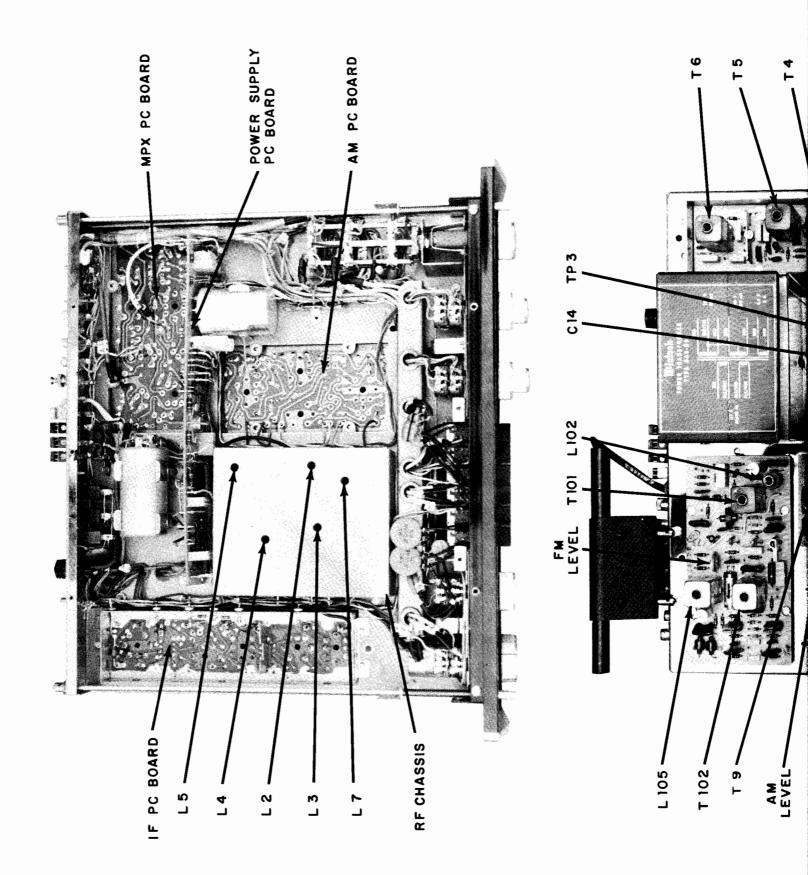




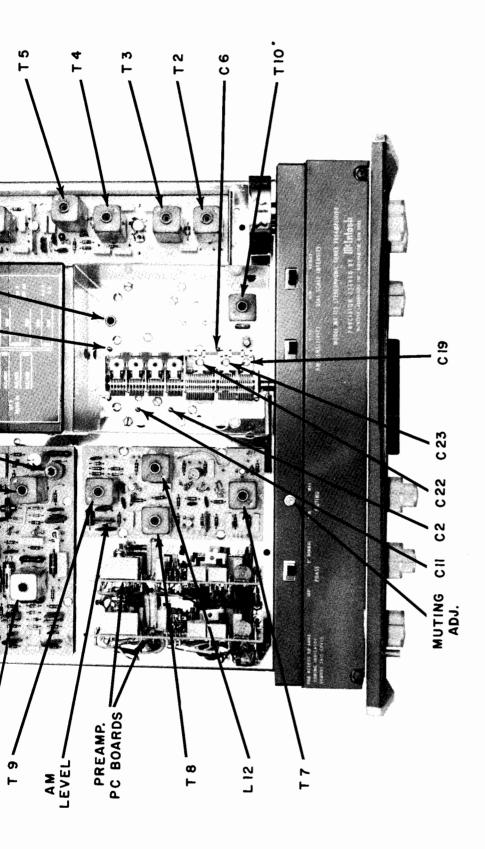
SCHEMATIC NOTES (CONT.)

- 14. In units with serial numbers below 31834, R130 is not used.
- 15. In units with serial numbers below 31S35: C25 is 1.2pF; C31 is 1.5pF; C33 is .001µF; C73, C74, C75, C76, R70, R71, R72, and R226 are not used.
- 16. In units with serial numbers below 31S35, the drain of Q4 is connected directly to pin 17 on the AM PC Board and gate 1 of Q4 is connected directly to C19.
- In units with serial numbers from 26S01 to 31S35, R55 is 56k.
- 18. In units with serial numbers below 31S35, C20 is
- In units with serial numbers below 31S56: R31 is 100k; R336 is 18k; C126 is used; C130 and C131 are not used; C17, C24, C26, C27, C28, C29, C30, C32, C36, C37, C38, C39, C45, C46, C47, C48, C49, and C51 are .047μF.
- 20. In units with serial numbers below 31856: R23 is 15k; R27 is 1.5k; R62 is 2.7k, and R15 is 1M.
- 21. In units with serial numbers below 31S68, R57 is used; R52 is 100k and the AM sensitivity switch is wired as shown by dotted lines.
- 22. In units with serial numbers from 31S35 to 31S86, C56 is 1.5pF.
- 23. In units with serial numbers below 37550, R131 is not used and R105 is a 200k potentiometer (McIntosh part number 134-205).





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MX 112 ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

All McIntosh tuners are carefully aligned and tested at the factory using the finest available test equipment. All McIntosh tuners will meet their published specificaavailable test equipment. All McInto tions when shipped from the factory.

After extensive operation, or servicing, it may be desirable to realign the tuner circuits for best performance. The charts below give complete information on the circuit realignment procedure for the MX 112.

If the necessary test equipment is not available, alignment should not be attempted. For additional information, contact Gustomer Service Department, McIntosh Laboratory Inc., 2 Chambers Street, Binghamton, New York 13903 (telephone 607-723-3512). The test equipment listed (or its equivalent) is necessary to properly align an MX 112. The accuracy of the alignment will be directly related to the accuracy and calibration of the test equipment used.

Alignment should be done in the following order: AM-FM-MPX

TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- . FM Signal Generator (Measurements 188 or equivalent)
- 2. AM Signal Generator (Measurements 65B or equivalent)
- . VTVM

<u>,</u>

- Multiplex Generator (RCA WR-51A or equivalent)
- 5. 10.7MHz Generator (preferably crystal controlled)
- 6. Oscilloscope (Hewlett-Packard 120B or equivalent)
- 7. Harmonic Distortion Analyzer (Hewlett-Packard 333A or equivalent)

AM ALIGNMENT

:	TUNER		SIGNAL GENERATOR	0.8	INDI	DICATOR	150144	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
SIEF	DIAL	FREQ.	COUPLING	MODULATION	TYPE	CONNECTED TO	1000		REMARKS
-	Point of no inter- ference or signal	<u>1,55</u> кн2	Through external .01 \(\mu \) capacitor to \(\mu \) function of \(\mu \) (\mu \) and \(\mu \) pin 2.	см	VTVM	Junction of C55 and sliding arm of AM level pot.	Top (pri) & Maximum bottom (sec) possible cores of T7, positive T8 and T9 voltage		Switch input selector to FM to make AM local oscillator inoperative. As the tuner output increases, attenuate generator output to keep tuner output at minimum.
2	600kHz	600 kH z	Through a 200pF capa- citor to ant.	Same	Same	Same	Ll2 (oscil- lator coil)	Maximum possible voltage	Same as step 1 except input selector is on AM.
က	1400kHz	1400kHz	Same	Same	Same	Same	C23 (oscil- lator trim- mer)	Same	Repeat steps 2 & 3 until dial calibration is accurate.
4	2H2009	2НХ009	Ѕате	Same	Ѕате	Same	L7 (AM an- tenna trim- ming coil) & TlO (AM-RF)	Same	Same as step 1 except input selector is on AM.
2	1400kHz	1400 kH z	Same	Same	Same	Ѕате	C19 (AM an- tenna trim- mer)& C22(AM RF trimmer)	Same	Repeat steps 4 & 5 until output is as high as possible.
9	1000kHz	1000kHz	Same	30% @ 400Hz	Distor- tion Analyzer	L or R output		With a distortice be performed: 1. IHFM sensition to noise ratter absense lamps, etc.) 2. With a lmV if liter attensignal to no signal to no with a lmV if or .30 volt	a distortion analyzer, the following measurements can erformed: IHFM sensitivity of 10 microvolts for -20dB of signal to noise ratio. (this measurement is only possible in lamps, etc.) With a lmV input signal, harmonic distortion, whistle filter attenuation at 10kHz modulating frequency and signal to noise ratio may be measured. With a lmV input signal adjust "AM Level" control (RH9) for .30 volt of audio output at tape-outputs.

FM ALIGNMENT

1									_
		SIGNAL GENERATOR	RATOR	2	DICATOR				
	FREQ.	COUPLING	MODULATION	TYPE	CONNECTED TO	ADJUST	LESI LIMITS	REMARKO	
Point of 10.7MHz no inter- ference or signal	MHz	TO TP-3	FM +200kHz at 60Hz rate	Oscil- loscope	TP #1	Top (second-Optimum ary) and symetry bottom (pri-about 10.7 mary) cores MHz and of T1,T2,T3,10.7MHz + T4	Optimum symetry about 10.7 MHz and 10.7MHz + 75kHz markers.	Top (second-Optimum If sweep generator has no built-in markers, ary) and symetry use external marker generator by mixing with bottom (pri-about 10.7 swept IF-signal at TP#3. First adjust Pri. and mary) cores MHz and Sec. tuning slugs of T2,3,4,5 for maximum anof T1,T2,T3, 10.7MHz + plitude. Note this amplitude on the scope. Then, readjust T3 and T4 (T2 and T5 if necesmarkers. sary) for 220kHz bandwidth and optimum symetry,	
								taking care that amplitude of scope pattern shall not decrease by more than 30%. Hold input	

	or signal			9 2 3 4		- 4 0 0.	mary) cores MF2 and of T1,T2,T3, 75kH2 Th markers	+1	Second that a straight of T2,3,4,5 for maximum amplitude. Note this amplitude on the scope. Then, readjust T3 and T4 (T2 and T5 if necessary) for 220kHz bandwidth and optimum symetry, taking care that amplitude of scope pattern shall not decrease by more than 30%. Hold input signal to a low level to prevent limiting.
2	Same	10.7MHz	Same	СМ	VTVM	Pin 6 of T6	T6 primary M (bottom n n n	Maximum possible negative voltage	
3	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	TP #2	T6 secondary (top core)	Adj. for O volts	
4	105МН2	105мн2	300 ohm antenna terminals w/*matching network	400 cycles 75kHz devia- tion	VTVM connec and scope c L or R audi	ted to TP #1 onnected to o output	Oscillator Primmer (Cl4)	Maximum negative voltage	As the tuner output increases, attenuate generator output to keep TP #1 voltage at a low level.
5	90MHz	90MHz	Same	Same		Same	Oscillator Coil (LS)	Same	Repeat steps 4 and 5 until dial calibration is accurate.
9	105мнz	105MHz	Same	Same		Same	Mixer trimmer, RF trimmer & antenna trimmer C11, C6, C2	Same	
\	90 MR z	90мнz	овте	Same		Same	Mixer, FF, and antenna coil tuning slugs L4, L3, L2	Same	Repeat steps 6 and 7 until TP#1 voltage is as high as possible. Connect a distortion analyzer to output jacks (either main or tape) and apply a lmV input signal. Measure harmonic distortion and adjust T6 (primary) bottom slug for minimum distortion. (Should be less than 0.5%).
	105NHz & 904Hz	10 5 йнг' & 90йнг	Same	Same	VTVM connectand scope core core core core core core core cor	ted to TP #1 onnected to o output.	Connect distortion analyzer to L or R output and reduce signal at antenna for -30dB total distortion and noise. Input signal required is IHFM usable sensitivity of the tuner (2.5 microvolts).	rrion ana- Routput gnal at gnal at 30dB total d noise. required e sensiti- uner	Step 8 is an overall sensitivity check. Adjust muting control (R105) by reducing the signal input to 5 microvolts for a 2dB drop in audio output. Push in muting button (S302E) for this adjustment.

MULTIPLEX DECODER ALIGNMENT

	TUNER		SIGNAL GENERATOR	RATOR	IONI	ICATOR		1	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	. ,
STEP	P DIAL SETTING	FREQ.	COUPLING	MODULATION	TYPE	CONNECTED TO	ADJUST	IESI LIMIIS		
_	100MHz	100MHz	300% antenna terminals W/ approx. 1000 microvolts signal W/* matching network	300% antenna 75kHz Devia- AC-VTVM terminals W/ tion @ 67kHz approx. 1000 microvolts signal W/* aatching		L or R output. L105 (SCA jack ADJ.)	1105 (SCA ADJ.)	Minimum output @ L or R output jack	L105 (SCA adj.) is adjusted for minimum output with 67kHz modulation.	
	100MHz	100MHz	Same	19kHz pilot AC-VTVM		T101, pin 2	L102 (19kHz	Adjust for	T101, pin 2 L102 (19kHz Adjust for Decrease pilot level so that 19kHz circuits are	

	vity of the tuner (2.5 microvolts).					
	input signal required is IHFM usable sensiti-					
antenna for -30dB total output. Push in muting button (S302E) for this distortion and noise.	antenna for -30dB total distortion and noise.					
input to 5 microvolts for a 2dB drop in audio	and reduce signal at	L or R audio output.				
VTVM connected to TP #1 Connect distortion ana- Step 8 is an overall sensitivity check. Adjust and scope connected to lyzer to L or R output	Sonnect distortion ana-	VTVM connected to TP #1 and scope connected to	Same	Same	105MHz & 105MHz & Same 90MHz	જ
for minimum distortion. (Should be less than 0.5%).						
apply a LmV input signal. Measure harmonic distortion and adjust T6 (primary) bottom slug	LZ					

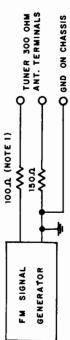
MULTIPLEX DECODER ALIGNMENT

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	REMARKS	L105 (SCA adj.) is adjusted for minimum output with 67kHz modulation.	Decrease pilot level so that 19kHz circuits are not being saturated.	Decrease pilot level so that 19kHz and 38kHz circuits are not being saturated. Mode switch must be in stereo position.	First, modulate left channel and measure right channel output. Adjust T102 bottom - tuning slug (Sec.) for minimum right channel output. (maximum separation) Then, reverse channels and measure left channel separation. For this adjustment and measurement, no test lead should be connected to TP#2, and the dust cover over this section should be in place.	Adjust "FM-Level" control (R107) for 1 volt of audio output at tape-outputs. Then, turn off the modulation and measure the residual of the 10kHz and 38kHz frequencies.
	TEST LIMITS	Minimum output @ L or R output jack	Adjust for maximum AC voltage	Adj. for maximum AC voltage	30dB separation or more	Less than 10mV volts of resi-
	ADJUST	L105 (SCA ADJ.)	L102 (19kHz phase adj.) & T101 (19 kHz doubler)	T102 (Pri) & Adj. for bottom (Sec) maximum AC tuning slugs voltage	T102, Bottom (Sec.) tun- ing slug.	
ICATOR	CONNECTED TO	L or R output. Jack	T101, pin 2 or 3.	T102, Fin 1 or 2.	L or R output jack	L or R output jack
QNI	TYPE	AC-VTVM	AC-VTVM or oscil- loscope W/very low cap.	Same	Same	AC-VTVM
RATOR	MODULATION	75kHz Devia- tion @ 67kHz	19kHz pilot	Same	lkHz (100% modulation) L or R only, pilot on	lkHz (100% modulation) L or R only, pilot on
SIGNAL GENERATOR	COUPLING	300% antenna terminals W/approx. 1000 microvolts signal W/* matching network	Same	Same	Same	Same
	FREQ.	100MHz	100MHz	Same	Same	100MHz
TUNER	DIAL	100MHz	100 M Ez	Same	Same	100MHz
	STEP	_	2	3	4	5



ANTENNA

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Note 1: If signal generator has other than 50 ohm internal impedance, use a resistor of 150 ohms less internal generator impedance.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

All parts not listed are common items obtainable from radio parts jobbers.

Replacement parts may be obtained when ordered by PART NUMBER from:

McIntosh Laboratory Inc. Customer Service Department 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, New York 13903 (telephone 607-723-3512)

CAPACITORS

Symbol Number	De	scription		Part Number
C56	Mylar	.22µF	250V	064-068
C58,59	Elect.	100μF	15V	066-127
C101	Mylar	.22µF	250V	064-068
C107	Elect.	100μF	150	066-127
C111	Mylar	.1µF	250V	064-067
C113	Mylar	.22µF	250V	064-068
C127	Elect.	100µF	15V	066-127
C201	Elect.	100µF	25V	066-124
C202	Mylar	.22µF	250V	064-068
C204	Elect.	200/200 ₁ 100V	μF	066-129
C205,206	Mylar	.22µF	250V	064-068
C207	Mylar	.47µF	250V	064-069
C208,209	Elect.	100μF	15V	066-127
C210	Elect.	50/200/3 200/150	300/150µF /50/50V	066-218
C301,302	Mylar	.47µF	250V	064-069
C305,306	Elect.	10μF	20V	066-149
C307,308	Elect.	10µF	20V	066-149
C315,316	Elect.	100μF	15V	066-127
C317,318	Mylar	.47µF	250V	064-069
C319,320	Mylar	.22µF	200V	064-087
C323,324	Mylar	.047µF	250V	064-066
C325,326	Mylar	•47μF	250V	064-069
C327	Mylar	.47µF	250V	064-069
C329,330	Mylar	.047µF	250V	064-066
C331,332	Mylar	.022µF	250V	064-065
C337,338	Mylar	.1 µF	250V	064-067
C339,340	Mylar	.47µF	250V	064-069
C341,342	Mylar	.047µF	250V	064-066
C343,344	Mylar	.47µF	250V	064-069
		DIODES		
D1,2	Si. signa	l diode		070-022
D3,4	Si. signa	1 diode		070-022

D5	Ge. signal diode	070-003
D6,7	Si. signal diode	070-022
D101,102	Si. signal diode	070-022
D103	Si. signal diode	070-022
D104	Ge. signal diode	070-003
D105,106	Ge. signal diode	070-003
D107	Ge. signal diode	070-003
р108	Bias diode	070-046
D201	Zener diode 16V	070-042
D202,203	Si. rectifier	070-031
D205,206	Si. rectifier	070-031
D207	Zener diode 75V	070 - 025
	FUSE	
F201	Fuse .5 amp Slo-blo	089-020
1 201	ruse .5 amp 310-010	089-020
	CHOKES	
L1	Choke 1.2μH	122-011
L2	FM antenna coil	122-069
L3	FM RF coil	122-070
L4	FM mixer coil	122-071
L5	FM local oscillator coil	122-072
L6	AM loop antenna	122-074
L7	AM antenna coil	122-073
L10	Choke 75µH	122-013
L12	AM oscillator coil	122-066
L13	Choke 100mH	122-004
L14	Choke 1.2μH	122-011
L101	Choke 1mH	122-065
L102	Filter coil (19kHz phase)	122-067
L103,104	Filter coil (lo pass)	122-015
L105	Filter coil (SCA adjust)	122-068
	TRANSISTORS	
Q1	Si. junction F.E.T.	132-049
Q2,3	Si. junction F.E.T.	132-049
Q4	M.O.S. F.E.T.	132-064
Q5,6	Si. NPN transistor	132-015
Q7	Si. junction F.E.T.	132-049
Q8	M.O.S. F.E.T.	132-064
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TIOI

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MX 112 SCHEMATIC PART NO. 038-471

2			
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FRONTGLASSONLY - 016-084-25:00		

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Push terminal (antenna) 074-032

AM NOISE REDUCTION MODIFICATION

MODEL: MX 112 FM/AM Tuner-Preamp

PURPOSE OF MODIFICATION: To improve AM signal to noise ratio.

WHAT UNITS ARE AFFECTED: Serial No. 10S01 to 43S90 Only.

WHEN MODIFICATION SHOULD BE MADE: When customer complains that AM is noisy on local stations or that sensitivity is poor.

McINTOSH MODIFICATION KIT NO .: No kit.

PARTS REQUIRED:

QUANTITY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	061-043	.01μF +80-20% Disc capacitor

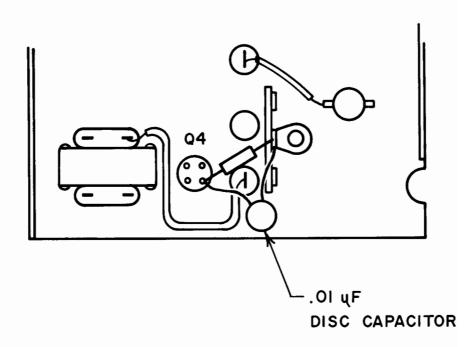
PROCEDURE:

- Step 1 Remove bottom cover, Multiplex-AM top cover, and RF front end bottom cover. Remove capacitors C204 and C208 on AM PC board. See service manual for exact location. Replace top cover.
- Step 2 Locate Q4, AM RF amplifier in RF front end chassis. Connect the .01 μ F disc capacitor between the source terminal of Q4 and the ground lug of the terminal strip as shown in the accompanying sketch. Replace bottom covers.
- Step 3 Check performance. If dial calibration is off at high end of the band, perform AM alignment steps 3 and 5 in service manual. The top cover of the RF front end is removed for access to the alignment trimmers.

(over)

BOTTOM VIEW

RF CHASSIS



FRONT OF UNIT

SCA FILTER MODIFICATION

MODEL: MX 112 Tuner Preamplifier

PURPOSE OF MODIFICATION: To increase effectiveness of SCA filter.

WHAT UNITS ARE AFFECTED: Serial No. 10S01 to 31S55 only.

WHEN MODIFICATION SHOULD BE MADE: When a customer complains of "birdies", whistles, or other noises on certain multiplex stations.

McINTOSH MODIFICATION KIT NO.: No kit available.

PART REQUIRED:

Ouantity

Description

1

150pF 20% Ceramic Disc Capacitor RMC type JG or equal.

PROCEDURE:

- Step 1 Remove bottom cover of the MX 112.
- Step 2 Remove the perforated cover from the MPX section.
- Step 3 Solder the capacitor in parallel with R129, a 47k resistor that connects between the SCA filter and the base of Q102. Keep leads short.
- Step 4 Feed a 1 volt 67 kHz signal from an audio oscillator into TP #2 of the MX 112. Observe the signal on a scope at the tape output. Adjust the SCA filter for minimum 67 kHz in the output.
- Step 5 Replace the covers.